# ПИСЬМЕННАЯ ЧАСТЬ

# Раздел 1. Задания по аудированию

Вы два раза услышите шесть высказываний, обозначенных буквами **A**, **B**, **C**, **D**, **E**, **F**. Установите соответствие между высказываниями и утверждениями из следующего списка: к каждому высказыванию подберите соответствующее утверждение, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое утверждение из списка **1–7 только один раз**. В задании есть **одно лишнее утверждение**.

- 1. The person says that even allergic people can afford to have a pet.
- 2. The person is sure that it's bad when pets suffer from loneliness.
- 3. The person thinks that some pets are more interesting than others.
- 4. The person says that it is always difficult to lose friends.
- 5. The person says that cleaning a flat is not a problem when you have pets.
- 6. The person says that he/she is keen on only one kind of pets.
- 7. The person say he/she is not ready to have pets yet.

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Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Говорящий	Α	В	С	D	E	F
Утверждение						

Прочитайте текст и определите, какие из приведенных утверждений **2–7** соответствуют содержанию текста (**1–True**), какие не соответствуют (**2–False**) и о чем в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (**3–Not stated**). В поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа.

## Walking rocks

For about sixty years scientists have been trying to solve the mystery of 'walking rocks' in California's Death Valley National Park. Sailing stones (also known as sliding rocks, walking rocks) are a geological phenomenon where rocks move and leave long tracks (sometimes travelling more than 90 metres) along a smooth valley floor without human or animal intervention. Trails of sliding rocks have been observed and studied in various locations, including Little Bonnie Claire Playa in Nevada, and most famously at Racetrack Playa, Death Valley National Park, California, where the number and length of tracks are notable. Heavy rocks that weigh up to 45 kilos slide on the cracked surface on their own without any influence from the outside.

There are several theories connected with the phenomenon. One of them says that the movement of the rocks is possible because of the powerful winds blowing in the valley. Another theory states that the rocks slide on the ice which appears when the temperatures drop below zero. But none of the theories seems really convincing: the speed of the wind has to reach at least 100 miles per hour to move such heavy rocks. Secondly, the rocks leave trails behind when they move. And if there were ice, there wouldn't be any trails at all.

The rearrangement of the rocks might be possible in case several factors work together: the surface gets frozen and the wind pushes a stone forward at the same time. The trails appear since the ice crust is not solid enough to make the stone slide smoothly and it just reduces friction.

The movements of the stones are not easily observed: they are relatively rare and last for several seconds. Special cameras placed on the cliffs help the scientists to detect movement: they take one picture an hour. They have partly proved the "ice raft theory".

Ralph Lorenz, a member of the team, has spent over twenty years studying Titan, a satellite of Saturn. He remarks that Racetrack Playa's surface (a flat space between the valley's high cliffs), is very similar to a spot on Titan. So the experiments on our planet may provide a clue to understanding the geology of numerous space bodies.

People will probably come to understand how climate affects geology and how climate changes happen on Earth. Even here there are a number of strange places with interesting phenomena which we are to study in the future.

Solving the mystery may require a long time and more effort, but the explorers say that one day, they'll figure that all out. At the moment, the moving rocks are just a wonderful problem to study in a beautiful place.

2 Walking rocks exist only in one place of the planet. 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated Ответ: There are six most convincing theories to explain the phenomenon. 3 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated Ответ: Powerful winds alone are not likely to make the rocks move. 4 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated Ответ The winds in the valley very often reach a speed of 100 miles an hour. 5 2) False 3) Not stated 1) True Ответ: You can observe the movements with the naked eye at any time. 6 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated Ответ: The phenomenon on Earth may lead to new space discoveries in the future. 7 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated Ответ:

Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски **А–Е** частями предложений **1–6**. В задании есть одна лишняя часть.

## Wombats

The wombat is a marsupial. It lives in the Australian eucalyptus forests. There are two genera with three living wombat species — the Common Wombat and the Hairy-nosed Wombats.

It is a medium-sized animal that makes holes (A) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Wombats are usually around a metre long when they are fully grown. It is a kind of animal known as a marsupial because it has a pouch (bag) on its belly (B) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. When its offsprings are born they spend some time growing in their mother's pouch before going into the world. Wombats are herbivores. They eat plants, roots, and grass. They are nocturnal animals (C) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ during the day and come out at night. Some wombats have thick brown fur and very small ears. They can weigh from 20 to 35 kilograms and can live up to 7 years.

Wombats can sometimes attack humans especially (**D**) \_\_\_\_\_\_ . One naturalist once received a bite 2 cm deep into the flesh of his leg through a rubber boot, trousers and thick woolen socks.

All species of wombats (E) \_\_\_\_\_\_ in every state except for Victoria.

The northern hairy-nosed wombat is an endangered species. The biggest threats for the species are its small population size, attacks of wild dogs, competition with cattle and sheep for food, and some diseases.

- 1. which means they sleep
- 2. are protected
- 3. is also known as the biggest
- 4. by digging the ground
- 5. when they are frightened
- 6. that holds its babies

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

	Α	В	С	D	Е
Ответ:					

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## Раздел 3. Задания по грамматике и лексике

Прочитайте текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **9–14**, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию **9–14**.

# The War of the Worlds

The War of the Worlds is a science fiction novel by English	
9 author H. G. Wells which in 1897 by Pearson's	PRINT
Magazine in the UK and by Cosmopolitan magazine in	
the US.	
<b>10</b> The novel's appearance in hardback was in 1898	ONE
from publisher William Heinemann of London. Written	
11 between 1895 and 1897, it is one of the stories	EARLY
that describe a conflict between mankind and an alien	
race. The novel is the first-person narrative of both an	
<b>12</b> unnamed protagonist in Surrey and his brother	YOUNG
in London as southern England is invaded by Martians.	
At the time of publication the novel was classified as a	
scientific romance, like Wells' earlier novel The Time	
<b>13</b> <i>Machine. The War of the Worlds</i> the work	INFLUENCE
of many scientists since the time it came out. Robert H.	
14 Goddard, inspired by the book, both the liquid	INVENT
fuelled rocket and multistage rocket, which resulted in the	
Apollo 11 Moon landing 71 years later.	

Прочитайте текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **15–19**, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию **15–19**.

## Herbert George Wells

15	Herbert George Wells, referred to as H. G. Wells,	USUAL
16	was an English writer. He was in many genres with	SUCCESS
	dozens of novels and short stories. He is now best remembered	
	for his science fiction novels and is often called a "father of	
	science fiction", along with Jules Verne and Hugo Gernsback.	
	During his own lifetime, however, he was most know as a forward-	
	looking, even prophetic social critic who devoted his literary	
17	talents to the of a progressive vision on a global scale.	DEVELOP
	A futurist, he wrote a number of utopian works and foresaw	
18	many future His science fiction imagined time	INVENT
19	travel, alien invasion, invisibility, and engineering.	BIOLOGY

## Раздел 4. Задание по письму

**20** You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen friend, Claudia.

...Please write and tell me about your favourite game. Do you play any sports games or computer games? When do you usually do it? What would you recommend me to play and why?

Write a letter to Claudia and answer her 3 questions.

Write 90-110 words. Remember the rules of letter writing.